Careers in Data Science

What do data scientists do and how do they do it?

1 July 2022



About me

- BSc(Hons) Mathematics
- MRes Statistics and Operational Research
- PhD Statistics and
 Operational Research
- Data Scientist @ Jumping
 Rivers







A typical week

- Data science consultancy
- Internal projects
- Training courses
- Outreach work e.g. conferences

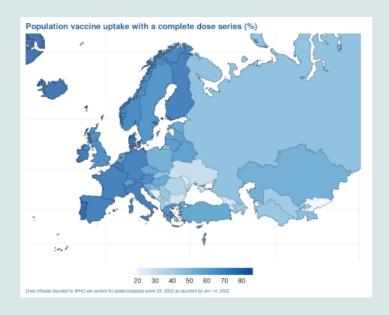


Projects



Dashboard development

- Developing dashboards to display data for monitoring
- Dealing with data updates
- Maintenance of dashboards
- Deploying dashboards



Blog



Statistical modelling

- Statistical advice
- Reviewing potential methods
- Building models
- Scoping projects

The Project

Achieving sustainable development of fisheries is absolutely critical to the overall health of the world's oceans.

The UN's mandated work includes effective, quantitative assessment of fish stocks, which provides data-driven input for monitoring the health of fisheries, as required by Sustainable Development Goals Indicator 14.4.1.

The Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) plays an important role in fisheries governance, it:

- · collects and disseminates data and information;
- acts as a forum for states to develop and adopt treaties and guidelines;
- · monitors the development and sustainability of the world's fisheries;
- · and, provides policy and technical guidance to member states.

In partnership with Jumping Rivers, NU Solve is supporting the FAO in its endeavours to better monitor the world's fishing stocks.



FAO and **NU** Solve



Programming and implementation

- Writing code to implement models
- Reviewing code
- Upgrading from e.g. Excel



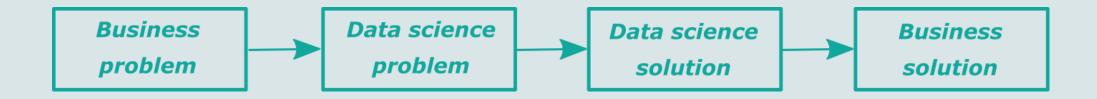




Skills



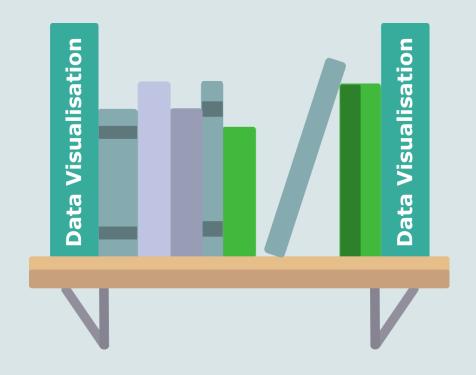
Problem definition





Visualise your data at the start...

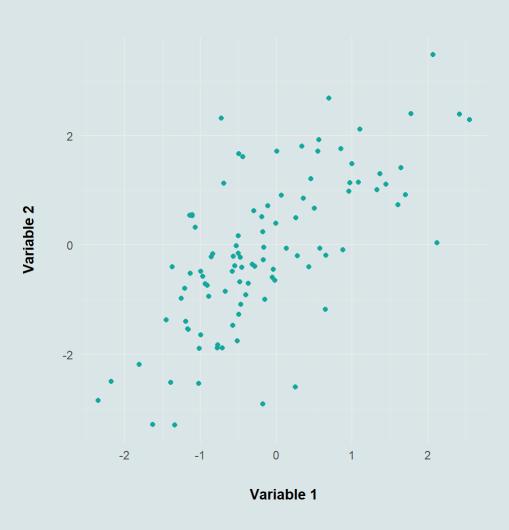
... and at the end.





Initial data exploration:

- Usually standard plots
- Check model assumptions
- Look at relationships between variables
- Why not summary statistics?





dataset	mean_x	mean_y	std_dev_x	std_dev_y	corr_x_y
Data 1	54.26873	47.83082	16.76924	26.93573	-0.0685864
Data 2	54.26588	47.83150	16.76885	26.93861	-0.0686092
Data 3	54.26785	47.83590	16.76676	26.93610	-0.0689797
Data 4	54.26327	47.83225	16.76514	26.93540	-0.0644719



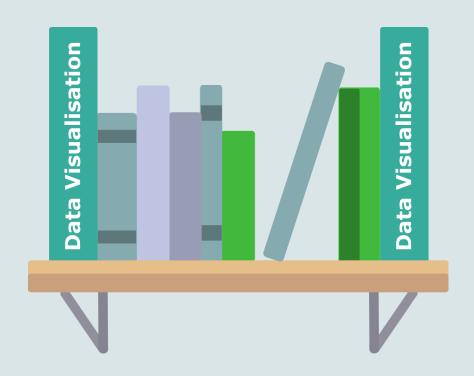


Data: {datasauRus}



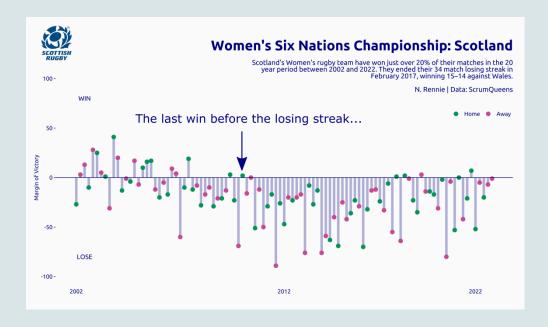
Equations look scary...

... plots not so much.





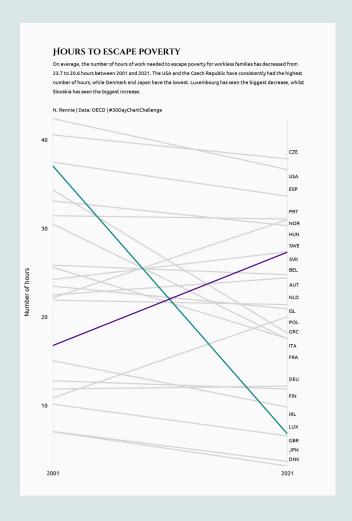
Use annotations





Use annotations

Colour sparingly

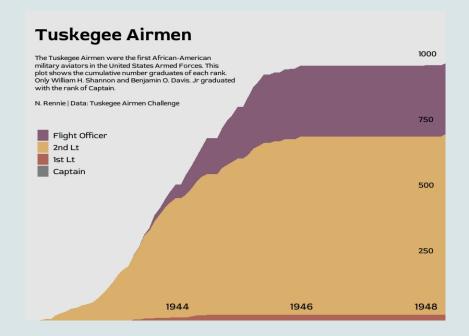




Use annotations

Colour sparingly

Keep it simple





Statistical methods

- Hypothesis testing
- Time series analysis
- Monitoring
- Modelling and predicting





Statistical methods

- Start simple
- Awareness of methods (not necessarily experience)
- If you know a method, you also need to know it's assumptions



Biggest differences in industry

- General vs tailored solutions
- Explainability sometimes matters as much as statistical performance
- Faster deadlines



Questions?

- Twitter: @nrennie35
- GitHub: github.com/nrennie
- Website: nrennie.rbind.io

